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Exam : **1z1-034**

Title : Upgrade Oracle9i/10g OCA
to Oracle Database 11g
OCP

Vendor : Oracle

Version : DEMO

NO.1 Which data dictionary view would you query to find the name of the default permanent tablespace of the database?

- A. DICTIONARY
- B. DBA_TABLESPACES
- C. DBA_DIRECTORIES
- D. DBA_STORED_SETTINGS
- E. DATABASE_PROPERTIES
- F. DBA_TABLESPACE_GROUPS

Answer: E

NO.2 Identify two options that Oracle recommends while configuring the backup and recovery environment for your recovery catalog. (Choose two.)

- A. configuring control file autobackup to be ON
- B. backing up data files only and not the archived redo log files
- C. running the recovery catalog database in NOARCHIVELOG mode.
- D. setting the retention policy to a REDUNDANCY value greater than 1
- E. backing up the recovery catalog to the same disk as that of the target database

Answer: A,D

NO.3 You create two resource plans, one for data warehouse loading jobs at night and the other for application jobs at day time. You want the resource plans to activate automatically so that the resource allocation is optimum as desired by the activity.

How would you achieve this?

- A. Implement job classes
- B. Implement Scheduler windows
- C. Implement the mapping rule for the consumer groups
- D. Set the SWITCH_TIME resource plan directive for both the resource plans

Answer: B

NO.4 Which statements are true regarding system-partitioned tables? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. Only a single partitioning key column can be specified.
- B. All DML statements must use partition-extended syntax.
- C. The same physical attributes must be specified for each partition.
- D. Unique local indexes cannot be created on a system-partitioned table.
- E. Traditional partition pruning and partitionwise joins are not supported on these tables.

Answer: D,E

NO.5 Which two statements about Oracle Direct Network File System (NFS) are true? (Choose two.)

- A. It bypasses the OS file system cache.
- B. A separate NFS interface is required for use across Linux, UNIX, and Windows platforms.
- C. It uses the operating system kernel NFS layer for user tasks and network communication modules.
- D. File systems need not be mounted by the kernel NFS system when being served through Direct NFS.
- E. Oracle Disk Manager can manage NFS on its own, without using the operating system kernel NFS

driver.

Answer: A,E

Explanation:

Direct NFS provides faster performance than what can be provided by the operating system's NFS driver as Oracle bypasses the operating system and generates exactly the requests it needs (no user configuration or tuning required). Data is cached just once in user space, which saves memory (no second copy in kernel space). Performance is further improved by load balancing across multiple network interfaces (if available).

NO.6 You are managing a 24*7 database. The backup strategy for the database is to perform user-managed backups.

Identify two prerequisites to perform the backups. (Choose two.)

- A. The database must be opened in restricted mode.
- B. The database must be configured to run in ARCHIVELOG mode.
- C. The tablespaces are required to be in backup mode before taking the backup.
- D. The tablespaces are required to be in read-only mode before taking the backup

Answer: B,C

NO.7 Which three tasks can be performed using a duplicate database? (Choose three.)

- A. Testing the backup and recovery procedures
- B. Testing the upgrade of an Oracle database to a new release
- C. Testing the effect of an application changes on database performance
- D. Continuously updating archive log files from the target database to support failover

Answer: A,B,C

NO.8 You have set the value of the NLS_TIMESTAMP_TZ_FORMAT parameter to YYYY-MMDD. The default format of which two data types would be affected by this setting?

- A. DATE
- B. TIMESTAMP
- C. INTERVAL YEAR TO MONTH
- D. INTERVAL DAY TO SECOND
- E. TIMESTAMP WITH LOCAL TIME ZONE

Answer: B,E

NO.9 Examine these Data Pump commands to import objects to non-existent users hr1 and oe1.

```
S expdp system/manager Schemas =hr,oe directory =EXP_DIR include = table
```

```
$ impdp system/manager Schemas = hr1,oe1 Directory = EXP_DIR Dumpfile = export.dat  
Remap_schema =hr:hr1,oe :oe1
```

What would be achieved by running the above commands?

- A. expdp will fail because no path has been defined for the dumpfile.
- B. expdp will succeed but Impdp will fail because users do not exist.
- C. impdp will create two users called hrl and oe1 and import all objects to the new schemas
- D. impdp will create two users called hrl and oe1 and import tables owned by hr and oe schemas to hr1 and oe1 schemas, respectively.

Answer: B

NO.10 You issued the following commands to configure settings in RMAN:

```
RMAN> CONFIGURE DEVICE TYPE sbt PARALLELISM 1;
```

```
RMAN> CONFIGURE DEFAULT DEVICE TYPE TO Sbt;
```

```
RMAN> CONFIGURE DATAFILE BACKUP COPIES FOR DEVICE TYPE sbt TO 2;
```

```
RMAN> CONFIGURE ARCHIVELOG BACKUP COPIES FOR DEVICE TYPE sbt TO 2;
```

```
RMAN> CONFIGURE DATAFILE BACKUP COPIES FOR DEVICE TYPE DISK TO 2;
```

Then you issued the following command to take the backup:

```
RMAN> BACKUP DATABASE PLUS ARCHIVELOG;
```

Which statement is true about the execution of the above command?

- A. The backup will terminate because the FORMAT clause was not configured for the channel
- B. It backs up two copies of data files to tape and disk, and two copies of archived log file on tape
- C. It backs up the data files and archived log files to disk, making two copies of each data file and archived logfile
- D. It backs up the data files and archived log files to tape, making two copies of each data file and archived logfile

Answer: D

NO.11 You want to track and store all transactional changes to a table over its lifetime.

To accomplish this task, you enabled Flashback Data Archive with the retention of 5 years.

After some time, the business requirement changed and you were asked to change the retention from 5 years to 3 years.

To accomplish this, you issued the following command:

```
ALTER FLASHBACK ARCHIVE fla1 MODIFY RETENTION 3 YEAR;
```

What is the implication of this command?

- A. The command produces an error because the retention time cannot be reduced.
- B. All historical data is retained but the subsequent flashback data archives are maintained for only three years.
- C. All historical data is purged and the new flashback data archives are maintained for three years.
- D. All historical data older than three years is purged from the flashback archive FLA1.

Answer: D

NO.12 Given below is a list of scenarios:

- 1) A user terminates his session abnormally.
- 2) The connection between the server and the client application terminates because of a network failure.
- 3) A schema is accidentally dropped.
- 4) The tablespace is accidentally dropped from the database.
- 5) The hard disk gets corrupted and the data files in the disk are lost.
- 6) The database instance abnormally shuts down because of power failure.

Which scenarios require DBA intervention to perform recovery?

- A. 1, 3, and 6
- B. 4, 5, and 6

C. 3, 4, and 5

D. 1, 2, and 6

Answer: C